

THE

GAZETT NEW ZEALAND EXTRAORDINARY.

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WELLINGTON, MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1921.

Board of Trade Regulations.-Sale and Purchase of Wheat.

JELLICOE, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 14th day of March, 1921.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

TN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority In pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred upon him by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the New Zealand Board of Trade, make the following Board of Trade Regulations for the regulation and control of the wheat industry industry.

REGULATIONS.

THESE regulations may be cited as the Board of Trade (Sale and Purchase of Wheat) Regulations, 1921.
 These regulations shall come into operation on the day after the publication thereof in the *Gazette*.
 In these regulations, except where a contrary intention annears.

- - (a.) Any wheat after purchase and resale by the Government in pursuance of the scheme of purchase set forth in these regulations for gristing into wheat products for human con-mution column.
 - sumption only : sumption only:
 (b.) Any wheat after its purchase and resale by the Government in pursuance of the said scheme of purchase for resale to intending growers and licensed brokers for seed purposes only:
 (c.) Any wheat which has been offered to the Government for purchase in pursuance of the set.
 - (c.) Any wheat which has been offered to the Go-vernment for purchase in pursuance of the said scheme of purchase and has been re-jected as being unmerchantable or otherwise, not of a kind or quality required by the Government, and being wheat after it has been dealt with in the manner prescribed by 'clause 17 of these regulations:
 "Good milling-wheat " means wheat suitable for milling, and weighing not less than 60 lb. per Imperial bushel measure, or of a quality superior thereto;

- "Tuscan" includes all varieties of Tuscan, also Talavera Dreadnought, Red Marvel, Federation, Yandalla King, and John Brown; also all varieties not classed as Hunters or Pearl herein:
 "Hunters" includes all varieties of Hunters, also Mc-Callum's, Webb's Challenge, Webb's Standup White, Bordier, Velvetear, Sensation, Redchaff, and Victor:
 "Pearl" includes Pearl, Velvet, and Bobs:
 "Government" means His Majesty the King in respect of the Government of the Dominion of New Zealand:
 "Government Grader" means a Grader appointed by the Wheat Controller for the purposes of these regulations:
 "The Wheat Trade Regulations, 1917," means the Wheat Trade Regulations of the 22nd day of De-cember, 1917:

- Wheat Trade Regulations of the 22nd day of December, 1917:
 "The Wheat Trade Regulations, 1919," means the Wheat Trade Regulations of the 25th day of February, 1919, and the amending regulations of the 7th day of April, 1919, and the 19th day of August, 1919.
 "The Wheat Trade Regulations, 1920," means the Wheat Trade Regulations of the 16th day of March, 1920.
- 1920.

PART I.-PRIVATE DEALINGS IN WHEAT PROHIBITED.

4. (1.) Save in accordance with and pursuance of the scheme 4. (1.) Save in accordance with and pursuance of the scheme of purchase and sale set forth in these regulations, it shall not be lawful for any person, whether as principal, agent, or otherwise, to purchase or agree or offer to purchase any wheat other than free wheat, or to be concerned in the making of any such purchase, agreement, or offer by any other person, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, or to be concerned in the full full such a particular to any agreement for the nur-

whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, or to be concerned in the fulfilment or performance of any agreement for the pur-chase of any such wheat, whether such agreement has been made in New Zealand or elsewhere, and whether it has been made before or after the making of these regulations. (2.) Save in accordance with and pursuance of the scheme of purchase and sale set forth in these regulations, it shall not be lawful for any person, whether as principal, agent, or otherwise, to sell or agree or offer to sell any wheat other than free wheat, or to be concerned in the making of any such sale, agreement, or offer by any other person, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, or to be concerned in the fulfil-ment or performance of any agreement for the sale of any such wheat, whether such agreement has been made in New Zealand or elsewhere and whether it has been made before or after the making of these regulations. 5. In the foregoing regulations the terms "purchase"

or after the making or these regulations. 5. In the foregoing regulations the terms "purchase" and "sale" include any mode of acquisition or disposition by agreement other than acquisition or disposition by way of security only.

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6. For the purposes of the foregoing regulations an option or right of purchase or sale shall be deemed to be an agree-ment to purchase or to sell, as the case may be. 7. Notwithstanding anything in these regulations, it shall be lawful for the grower of any wheat to sell to any other wheat-grower, and for the purchaser to purchase, any quan-tity or quantities thereof not exceeding in the aggregate 100 bushels for use by the purchaser as seed-wheat.

PART IL-CONTROL OF THE WHEAT TRADE.

8. Good milling-wheat will be purchased and resold by the Government in accordance with the scheme hereinafter in these regulations set forth.

9. All purchases and sales of wheat by the Government will be effected through the agency of brokers appointed by the New Zealand Board of Trade and acting on account of the Government, and hereinafter referred to as Government brokers.

10. (1.) Every broker so appointed shall hold office at the will of the Board of Trade. (2.) Every person holding office on the making of these

regulations as a Government broker pursuant to the Wheat Trade Regulations, 1920, shall be deemed to have been appointed a Government broker under these regulations for the district for which he held office under the first-mentioned regulations.

11. Government brokers will be required to give to the Government such security as the Board of Trade may require for the due performance of their contract with the Govern-

nor the due performance of their explanations. 12. (1.) The general control, supervision, and execution of this scheme of purchase and sale will be in the hands of a Controller appointed by the Minister of Agriculture and acting on behalf of the Government, and hereinafter called the Wheat Controller.

(2.) The person holding office on the making of these regulations as the Wheat Controller under the Wheat Trade Regulations, 1920, shall be deemed to have been appointed as Wheat Controller under and for the purposes of these regulations. (3.) The Wheat Controller may exempt from these regula-

(3.) The Wheat Controller may exempt from these regulations sales or purchases of wheat grown by any wheat-grower in areas of limited production of wheat specified by the Wheat Controller, and may also exempt wheat grown from seed of recognized merit in respect to purity of variety, subject to such terms and conditions as he may fix as regards price.
13. The headquarters of the Wheat Controller shall be at Christely represented by the Christely represented by the controller shall be at Christely represented by the controll Christchurch:

Christchurch:
14. (1.) There will be associated with the Wheat Controller an advisory committee to be known as the Wheat Trade Committee, and to consist of such representatives of the wheat-growers, flour-millers, and Government brokers as the Board of Trade may from time to time appoint.
(2.) The persons holding office on the making of these regulations as the Wheat Trade Committee under the Wheat Trade Regulations, 1920, shall be deemed to have been appointed members of the Wheat Trade Committee under the appoint of the purposes of these regulations.
15. Every Government broker will be appointed for a particular district to be defined by the Board of Trade in appointing such broker, and it shall not be lawful for any such broker to purchase for the Government under these regulations any wheat grown elsewhere than in the district for which he has been appointed.

PART III .-- PURCHASES OF WHEAT BY THE GOVERNMENT.

- (1.) Sold for delivery free on board at the nearest port—

 (a.) In January, February, March, or April, 1921,
 7s. 6d. per bushel for Tuscan, 7s. 9d. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. per bushel for Pearl.
 (b.) In May, 1921, 7s. 6åd. per bushel for Tuscan,
 7s. 9d. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 0åd. per bushel for Pearl.
 (c.) In June, 1921, 7s. 7åd. per bushel for Tuscan,
 7s. 10åd. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 1åd. per bushel for Pearl.
 (d.) In July, 1921, 7s. 8åd. per bushel for Tuscan,
 7s. 10åd. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 1åd. per bushel for Pearl.
 (d.) In July, 1921, 7s. 8åd. per bushel for Tuscan,
 7s. 11åd. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 2åd. per bushel for Pearl.
 (e.) In August, 1921, 7s. 9d. per bushel for Tuscan,
 8s. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 3d. per bushel for Pearl.
 (f.) In September, 1921, 7s. 9åd. per bushel for Tuscan,
 - (f.) In September, 1921, 7s. 9³/₄d. per bushel for Tuscan, 8s. 0³/₃d. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 3³/₄d. per bushel for Pearl.

(g.) In or after October, 1921, 7s. 10¹/₂d. per bushel for Tuscan, 8s. 1¹/₂d. per bushel for Hunters, 8s. 4¹/₂d. per bushel for Pearl.

(2.) Sold for delivery otherwise than free on board at the nearest port : A price equivalent as regards the seller

to the prices aforesaid. B. Good milling-wheat grown in the North Island or in the Provincial Districts of Nelson or Marlborough :----

- (1.) Sold for delivery free on rail at the nearest railway-station: The same price as that fixed by subclause A hereof for good milling-wheat grown in the South Island (elsewhere than in Nelson or Marlborough) and sold for delivery free on board at the nearest

and sold for delivery free on board at the nearest port, with an addition of 4d. per bushel.
(2.) Sold for delivery otherwise than free on rail at the nearest railway-station: A price equivalent as regards the seller to the price aforesaid.
17. (1.) Government brokers will not purchase on behalf of the Government any wheat other than good milling-wheat; nevertheless it shall not be lawful for any person to sell wheat of any quality otherwise than to the Government broker for sale to the Government in pursuance of these regulations, and has been rejected as unmerchantable or as not being and has been rejected as unmerchantable or as not being good milling-wheat.

(2.) When wheat has been offered to a Government broker for sale to the Government in pursuance of these regulations and has been rejected as not being good milling wheat it shall and has been rejected as not being good milling-wheat it shall be purchased by licensed Government brokers only, and at not exceeding the maximum price for free wheat inferior in quality to good milling-wheat when sold by the grower. Resales of such wheat by the Government brokers shall be made only with the permission of the Wheat Controller, and shipment or delivery shall be made only to the buyer or buyers so permitted and certified to by a Government Grader at port of shipment or point of delivery both in respect to buyer and quality.

at port of single-for point of derivery sour in respect to buyer and quality. 18. In these regulations "nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, nearest to the place where the wheat is grown, and "nearest railway-station" means the railway-station nearest to the place where the about is grown wheat is grown. 19. Sacks will be paid for, in addition to the above prices,

2d, than the market value, not exceeding an amount less by 2d, than the maximum prices of sacks as fixed by Order in Council of the 9th February, 1921, made under the authority of section 2 of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914.

20. When wheat is sold to a Government broker without express agreement as to the month of delivery it shall be deemed to be sold for delivery in the month in which the contract is made.

21. When wheat is sold to a Government broker for delivery by instalments in different months or on different terms or conditions the sale of each instalment shall be deemed to be a separate contract.

a separate contract. 22. Save in special cases at the express direction of the Wheat Controller, and on such terms as may be approved by him, wheat will be so purchased by a Government broker only on the terms that the seller will deliver the same to a only on the terms that the selier will deriver the same to a purchaser from the Government as directed by the broker, whether free on board, free on rail, direct to the purchaser's store, or otherwise. Save as aforesaid, the Government broker will in no case accept delivery on behalf of the Government, or act as a warehouseman for the Government. The Government broker may, however, act at the same time as the broker, agent, or warehouseman, either of the seller to the Government or of the buyer from the Government, on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon by

the parties. 23. All wheat so purchased by the Government shall become the property of the Government on delivery thereof in accordance with the terms of the contract if the wheat is

in conformity with the contract. 24. (1.) On such delivery of wheat the Government broker, on being satisfied that the wheat so delivered is in accordance with the contract, will forward to the Wheat Controller a voucher in duplicate, in such form as the Controller may

(2.) The sum so payable will be paid by the Wheat Con-troller as imprestee to the seller or to any other person authorized by the seller in that behalf by a written authority transmitted through the broker to the Controller.

(3.) Such payments will be made on the 1st and 14th days of each calender month in the case of all vouchers duly received by the Controller at least seven days before any

(4.) If any such pay-day is a holiday, payment will be made on the next following business day.
25. Every contract made by a Government broker for the purchase of wheat on account of the Government shall be

made in accordance with and shall incorporate the provisions of these regulations so far as applicable to contracts of purchase, and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be determined accordingly.

PART IV .--- SALES OF WHEAT BY THE GOVERNMENT.

26. No sales of wheat shall be made by a Government broker on account of the Government except to persons holding a warrant issued by the Wheat Controller authorizing the holder to purchase wheat, and hereinafter referred to as a

wheat-purchase warrant. 27. Every such warrant will contain such conditions and restrictions as the Wheat Controller thinks fit, and no sale shall be made to the holder otherwise than in conformity with these conditions and restrictions. 28. Every wheat-purchase warrant may be cancelled at

any time for any reason which the Controller in his absolute discretion thinks sufficient.

 No such warrant shall be transferable.
 30. The Wheat Controller will in his absolute discretion allocate to each flour-mill in New Zealand its due quota of the total quantity of good milling-wheat estimated by him from time to time to be available during the year 1921, and the wheat-purchase warrants issued by the Controller to flourmillers will be based on the quota as so determined for the time being.

time being. 31. Each flour-miller will be required to purchase and take delivery of his full quota of wheat as soon as is practicable in the discretion of the Wheat Controller, and this obligation will be enforced by the Wheat Controller by withholding or cancelling the wheat-purchase warrant of any flour-miller

who makes default herein. 32. Flour-millers will be required, in purchasing wheat, to purchase and take delivery of different kinds or qualities of good milling-wheat in such proportions as the Wheat Con-troller may from time to time determine, having regard to the respective quantities of such kinds or qualities available, and all Government brokers shall in effecting sales of wheat observe all directions given to them by the Wheat Controller in this behalf.

In this behalf. 33. The price at which wheat is so sold by a Government broker on account of the Government shall be the price per bushel at which it was purchased by the broker on account of the Government, with the addition of 1¹/₂d. per bushel, together with the price of the sacks as aforesaid. 34. Payment for wheat so sold and delivered shall be made

together with the price of the sacks as atoresata. 34. Payment for wheat so sold and delivered shall be made by the buyer to the Government broker on account of the Government, and the terms of payment shall be such as may be agreed upon between the buyer and the broker, being either cash on delivery, cash against shipping documents, or cash within seven days after delivery. All purchase-money in arrear and unpaid shall bear interest at the rate of 8 per

centum per annum. 35. When wheat is sold for delivery by instalments, each instalment shall be treated as the subject of a separate contract, and payment shall be made accordingly.

36. All moneys so received by a Government broker shall be paid by him into the Public Account immediately on the receipt thereof, and all moneys not so paid into the Public Account shall bear interest at the rate of 8 per centum per annum until so paid. 37. Every Government broker will guarantee to the Go-

S. Every Government broker will guarantee to the Go-vernment the due payment by the buyer of the purchase-money for all wheat so sold to him by that broker, and on default made by the buyer the purchase-money, with all accrued interest thereon, shall be recoverable by the Government from the broker.

38. After delivery to the buyer the wheat shall be in all shall not pass to the buyer until the property in the wheat shall not pass to the buyer until the purchase-money has been received by the Government broker; and on default made by the buyer, the broker or the Wheat Controller may take and retain possession of the wheat on behalf of the

Bay take and retain possession of the wheat on behalf of the Government as a security for the purchase-money. 39. Every contract made by a Government broker for the sale of wheat on account of the Government shall be made in accordance with and shall incorporate the provisions of these regulations so far as applicable to contracts of sale, and the rights and obligations of the parties shall be determined accordingly. accordingly.

PART V.-TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT OF BROKERS.

40. In respect of every contract for the purchase of wheat by a Government broker on account of the Government the broker shall be entitled to receive from the Government a commission of $\frac{1}{2}d$. for every bushel delivered in pursuance of

and in conformity with that contract. 41. In respect of every contract for the sale of wheat by a Government broker on account of the Government the broker shall be entitled to receive from the Government \mathbf{a}

commission of 1d. for every bushel delivered in pursuance of and in conformity with that contract. 42. It shall not be lawful for a Government broker to

receive, directly or indirectly, any additional commission or remuneration from any party other than the Government in respect of the making of any such contract of purchase or sale : but nothing herein contained shall prevent the broker from receiving from any such party remuneration for services rendered in respect of storage or otherwise howsoever in addition to the service of making the contract of purchase or sale

43. It shall not be lawful for any Government broker to give, offer, or promise to any person any rebate, refund, commission, allowance, gratuity, or other valuable consider-ation as an inducement to that person to sell or purchase wheat to or from the Government through that broker, or 44. It shall not be lawful for a Government broker to pur-

chase, whether for himself or on account of any other person, any wheat of a quality inferior to good milling wheat except under the authority of a license issued to the broker in that behalf by the Wheat Controller, and in accordance with the terms of that license. Any such license may be at any time cancelled by the Controller for any reason which in his absolute discretion he thinks sufficient.

45. In all matters within the scope of their employment 45. In all matters within the scope of their employment and not specifically provided for by these regulations Government brokers shall act in accordance with directions from time to time received from the Wheat Controller.
46. Government brokers shall from time to time make to the Wheat Controller such returns relative to the business done by them as the Controller may require.
47. Every appointment of a Government broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompare of a control broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompare the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompared the broker shall be done of the incompared to incompa

deemed to incorporate, as a contract between the broker and the Government, the provisions of these regulations so far as they relate to the rights, powers, duties, and liabilities of such hrokers

PART VI.-DISPUTES.

48. When any dispute arises as to whether any wheat offered to a Government broker for sale to the Government is good milling-wheat, or when any dispute arises as to whether any wheat delivered in fulfilment of any contract of purchase or sale entered into by Government brokers on account of the Government is in accordance with the contract in respect of kind, quality, or condition, the dispute shall be determined ernment Grader, and his decision shall be final. by a Gov

by a Government Grader, and his decision shall be final. 49. When any dispute, other than as mentioned in the last preceding clause, arises between the parties to any contract entered into by a Government broker on account of the Government, or between a Government broker and the Government, or between a Government broker and the Government, or between a Government broker and any seller or purchaser of wheat to or from the Government, touching the meaning or operation of these regulations or of any contract so entered into, the dispute shall be determined by the Wheat Controller. whose decision shall be final.

by the Wheat Controller, whose decision shall be final. 50. Nothing in the last two preceding clauses shall apply to any prosecution for an offence against these regulations. 51. (1.) Subject to the foregoing provisions as to the settlement of disputes, the following weights shall be accepted

by all parties as the basis of settlement in all contracts for the purchase or sale of wheat by or to the Government :--Wheat delivered direct to a mill-flour-millers' weights : Wheat delivered free on board-customary free-on-board

weights

Wheat delivered ex store either to mills or free on board ex-store weights.

(2.) The only deduction from such weights shall be 3 lb. tare per sack.

PART VII.—OFFENCES.

52. Every person shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly, who does or attempts or conspires to do any act declared by these regulations to be unlawful.

53. Every Government broker shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations, and shall be liable accordingly, who commits any wilful breach of his contract with the Government under these regulations.

54. Every seller of wheat to the Government or purchaser of wheat from the Government under these regulations who commits a wilful breach of his contract with the Government

commits a wilful breach of his contract with the Government shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accordingly. 55. Every person who, being a servant or agent of any Government broker or of any such seller or purchaser of wheat, wilfully does any act whereby or in consequence of which such Government broker, seller, or purchaser breaks his contract with the Government shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accordingly. 56. Every person who deceives or attempts to deceive a Government broker or the Wheat Controller in the exercise

of his functions under these regulations shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accord-

ingly. 57. Every person who incites, aids, abets, counsels, or pro-cures any other person, or conspires with any other person, to commit an offence against these regulations shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accordingly.

accordingly. 58. Every, person who fails to make in accordance with these regulations any return required thereby or in pursuance thereof, or who makes any such return which is false or mis-leading in any particular, shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accordingly. 59. Every person who, whether as principal, agent, or otherwise, sells or purchases, or agrees or offers to sell or purchase, wheat at a price in excess of the maximum price thereof as determined for the time being under the Board of Trade Act, 1919, shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations and shall be liable accordingly.

PART VIII.---RETURNS.

60. On or before the 7th day of June, 1921, every grower of wheat shall make to the Wheat Controller a return showing, as at the 31st day of May, 1921,—

(a.) The number of bushels of each variety of wheat grown by him and threshed but not yet sold and delivered :
(b.) How much of such wheat still lies on the grower's farmer.

farm : (c.) The location of any such wheat which is stored or held

elsewhere.

61. On or before the 7th day of June, 1921, every grower of wheat shall make to the Wheat Controller a return showing, as at the 31st day of May, 1921,—

(a.) The estimated quantity of wheat, in bushels, which the grower has still unthreshed, the quantities of each variety of wheat to be stated separately:
(b.) The probable date of threshing and delivery to the mathematical separately. market.

market. 62. In the case of all wheat remaining unthreshed on the 31st day of May, 1921, the grower shall, within one week after the threshing thereof, make to the Wheat Controller a return showing the actual yield of each variety. 63. On or before the 31st day of March, 1921, every flour-miller carrying on business in New Zealand shall make to the Wheat Controller a return showing— (a) His probe her actual greater of wheat for milling for the

Wheat Controller a return showing—

(a.) His probable requirements of wheat for milling for the period between the lat day of March, 1921, and the 28th day of February, 1922.
(b.) His carry-over of stocks of wheat, flour, bran, and pollard as at the 28th day of February, 1921.
64. Every flour-miller carrying on business in New Zealand shall, on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, commencing in March, 1921, make to the Wheat Controller a return showing full particulars of all wheat delivered to him during the last preceding calendar month in pursuance of purchases made by him.
65. The Wheat Controller or his duly authorized representative may require any person to give to him information.

65. The Wheat Controller or his duly authorized repre-sentative may require any person to give to him information relative to the sale or purchase of any wheat, whether by the person so required to give the information or by any other person, and it shall be the duty of such persons when required to give all such information in their possession accordingly. 66. In making all such returns as aforesaid the person by whom the return is to be made shall use such forms and give such additional particulars as the Wheat Controller may from time to time require

time to time require.

67. (1.) Every person who, whether as principal or agent, and whether personally or through an agent, enters into any contract for the purchase of free wheat otherwise than from the Government shall, within seven days after the day of the making of the contract, make or cause to be made to the Wheat Controller a return of such contract containing the Wheat Controller a return of such contract containing the following particulars:—

(a.) The names and addresses of the purchaser and seller:
(b.) The date on which the contract was made:
(c.) The class and quantity of wheat so purchased:
(d.) The agreed date and place of delivery:
(e.) The price of the wheat per bushel:
(f.) The price of the sacks:
(g.) Particulars of any terms or conditions which are not in accordance with the established custom of the trade

- (g.) Particulars of any terms or conditions which are not in accordance with the established custom of the trade, at the date of these regulations :
 (h.) If the contract is made or evidenced by any written document, a copy of that document :
 (i.) A declaration made by or on behalf of the purchaser that the price of the wheat is not in excess of the maximum price as fixed at the date of the contract by any Order in Council made under the Board of Tride Act, 1919 Trade Act, 1919.

(2.) Every Government broker shall, within seven days after the day of making of the contract, make or cause to be made

to the Wheat Controller a return giving all particulars as to purchases and resales of wheat dealt with under section 17 (2) of these regulations. (3.) Nothing in this clause shall render necessary a return

of any contract for the purchase of wheat in any quantity less than 50 bushels, save that two or more contracts made by the same purchaser at or substantially at the same time (whether from the same or different sellers) shall be deemed to be one contract for the purpose of this exemption.

PART IX .--- SEED-WHEAT.

68. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these regulations, a Government broker in purchasing wheat on account of the Government may, with the permission of the Wheat Controller, resell that wheat or any part thereof to the broker himself as seed-wheat at the price at which he purchased it for the Government with the addition of 1¹/₂d. per bushel.

per bushel. 69. No commission shall be payable to the broker in respect either of the purchase or resale of any wheat so dealt with. 70. The Government broker shall pay to the Government the purchase-money for all seed-wheat so purchased by him in cash on the delivery of the wheat to the broker in pur-suance of the contract.

71. In all other respects these regulations shall apply to 71. In all other respects these regulations shall apply to any such resale by the Government to a Government broker in the same manner as if the Government broker were an independent third person purchasing the wheat from the Government through that broker. 72. Save with the permission of the Wheat Controller, it shall not be lawful for a broker who has so purchased seed-wheat to dispose of it in any manner otherwise than by the sele thereof as each wheat to former.

sale thereof as seed-wheat to farmers.

sale thereof as seed-wheat to farmers. 73. Any surplus of seed-wheat so purchased by a Govern-ment broker and undisposed of by sale to farmers before the close of the sowing season of the year 1921 may be demanded by the Wheat Controller for the Government, and shall thereupon be resold to the Government by the broker at the price hereinbefore prescribed for good milling-wheat sold to the Government for delivery in the month in which such demand was made by the Wheat Controller.

F. D. THOMSON, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Board of Trade Regulations .- Maximum Price of Wheat.

JELLICOE, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 14th day of March, 1921.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

N pursuance and exercise of the power and authority L N pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred upon him by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the New Zealand Board of Trade, make the following Board of Trade Regulations fixing the maximum price of wheat grown in New Zealand New Zealand.

REGULATIONS.

INTERPRETATION.

1. THESE regulations may be cited as the Board of Trade (Maximum Price of Wheat) Regulations, 1921. 2. These regulations shall come into operation on the day

after the publication thereof in the Gazette

- ter the publication thereof in the trazene.
 In these regulations—
 "Wheat," "free wheat," and "good milling-wheat"
 mean wheat, free wheat, and good milling-wheat
 within the meaning of the Wheat Trade Regulations,
 1920, made on the 16th day of March, 1920, or the
 Wheat Trade Regulations, 1921, made on the date
 of this Order in Council under the Board of Trade
 Act 1010. Act, 1919 :

 - Act, 1919: "Government price" means, in respect of wheat sold for delivery in any month, the price payable by Government brokers under the Wheat Trade Regu-lations, 1921, for good milling-wheat sold to the Government for delivery in the same month: "Miller's price" means, in respect of wheat sold for delivery in any month, the price receivable by Government brokers for good milling-wheat sold by them on account of the Government for delivery in the same month in accordance with the Wheat the same month in accordance with the Wheat Trade Regulations, 1921:

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"Nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, nearest to the place in which the wheat is grown :

"Railway-station means the railway-station nearest to

"Railway-station" means the railway-station nearest to the place in which the wheat is grown, and refers to wheat grown in the North Island or in the Pro-vincial Districts of Marlborough and Nelson only.
When wheat is sold without express provision as to the month of delivery it shall be deemed to have been sold for delivery in the month in which the contract is made, and the maximum price shall be determined accordingly.

WHEAT INFERIOR TO GOOD MILLING-WHEAT.

5. The maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality to good milling-wheat, when sold by the grower, shall be a price equivalent as regards the grower to the Government price of Tuscan wheat for the same month of delivery, less

price equivalent as regardless to same month of delivery, less price of Tuscan wheat for the same month of delivery, less 2d. per bushel. 6. (1.) The maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality to good milling, wheat, when sold wholesale by millers, brokers, or other purchasers from the growers free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms or other purchasers from the growers free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council, shall be the Government price for good milling-wheat of Tuscan variety delivered free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station in the same month, less 1d. per bushel. (2.) When sold otherwise than free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the said trade terms, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent as regards the seller to the maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality

seller to the maximum price aforesaid. 7. The maximum price of free wheat inferior in quality to good milling-wheat, when sold retail for delivery in any month by any person other than the grower, shall be the same as the price lawfully payable for similar wheat of Tuscan variety when sold wholesale by millers, brokers, or other purchasers from the growers for delivery in the same month free on board at Lyttelton on the usual trade terms, with the following additions only to such lawful price—namely, an addition of 15 per cent., together with a further addition of the transit charges actually paid by the retail seller of such the transit charges actually paid by the retail seller of such wheat.

GOOD MILLING-WHEAT.

8. (1.) The maximum price of seed-wheat being good milling-wheat (other than machine-dressed wheat), when sold for delivery free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council, shall be the millers' price for good milling-wheat of the same description delivered free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station in the same month, with an addition of 5d. per bushel. (2.) When sold otherwise than free on board or rail at the nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as

nearest port or railway-station on the usual trade terms as aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent as regards the seller to the maximum price aforesaid.

MACHINE-DRESSED SEED-WHEAT.

9. The maximum price of machine-dressed seed-wheat shall be the maximum price fixed by the last preceding clause, with the further addition of 5d. per bushel.

F. D. THOMSON, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Board of Trade Regulations.—Maximum Prices of Flour, Bran, and Pollard.

JELLICOE, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 14th day of March, 1921.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

It is EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL. IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred upon him by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, and of every other power and authority enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the New Zealand Board of Trade, revoke the Orders in Council mentioned in the First Schedule hereto, and in lieu thereof doth hereby make the following Board of Trade Regulations fixing the maximum prices of flour, bran, and pollard в

respectively in accordance with the provisions of the Second Third, Fourth, and Fifth Schedules hereto.

REGULATIONS. FIRST SCHEDULE.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL REVOKED.

ORDER in Council of the 15th day of April, 1920, published at

page 1140 of the Gazette for that year. Order in Council of the 8th day of July, 1920, published at page 2131 of the Gazette for that year

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. WHEN the nearest port is Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of flour as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port in 200 lb. sacks on the terms of payment within seven days after delivery shall be £21 per ton, less 22 per cent; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid the

the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price above mentioned. 2. In this Schedule the term "nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, which is nearest to or includes the place of manufacture of the flour sold. 3. When the nearest port is a port other than Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of flour as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port in 200 lb. sacks on the terms of payment within seven days after delivery shall be £21 per ton, less 2½ per cent., with such addition only as is equal to the cost of the carriage by sea of a ton of flour from Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru (whichever cost is the least) to the said nearest port; and in the case of the sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid the maximum price shall be a price equiva-lent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price last above mentioned. above mentioned.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

THIRD SCHEDULE. 1. WHEN the nearest port is Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of bran or pollard as sold by the manu-facturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port on the terms of payment within seven days after delivery shall be £6 per ton in the case of bran and £9 per ton in the case of pollard, less in each case $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid the excision whell be a price equivalent as regards the

by the manufacturer otherwise than in mainter atoresaid the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum prices above mentioned. 2. In this Schedule the term "nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, which is nearest to or includes the place of manufacture of the bran or pollard sold. 3. When the nearest port is a port other than Lyttelton, Timeer a Compary the maximum price of bran or pollard

3. When the nearest port is a port other than Lyttelon, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of bran or pollard as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port on the terms of payment within seven days after delivery shall be £6 per ton in the case of bran and £9 per ton in the case of pollard, less in each case $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., with such addition only as is equal to the cost of the carriage by sea of a ton of bran or pollard, as the case may be, from Lyttelfor Timaru or Oamaru (whichever cost is the least) to Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru (whichever cost is the least) to the said nearest port; and in the case of sale by the manu-facturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price last above mentioned.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.
WHEN bran or pollard manufactured in New Zealand is sold to a purchaser by any person other than the manufacturer thereof, the maximum price shall be the maximum price as set out in the Second Schedule hereto, with such addition only to that maximum price as is herein specified, namely:----(a.) When sold in a quantity of half a ton or more, an addition at the rate of 10s. per ton in the case of bran and 15s. per ton in the case of pollard.
(b.) When sold in a quantity less than half a ton, an addition at the rate of 12s. 6d. per ton in the case of bran and 17s. 6d. per ton in the case of pollard.

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

FIFTH SCHEDULE. 1. NOTWITHSTANDING anything in this Order in Council, the New Zealand Board of Trade may, by order made by it, authorize the sale of flour, bran, or pollard in any specified locality, or by any specified seller, at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed by the Second, Third, and Fourth Schedules hereto by such amount as the Board thinks fit; and nothing in this Order in Council shall apply to the sale of flour, bran, or pollard in accordance with the authority so granted by the Board of Trade. 2. Any such authority may be at any time withdrawa by

2. Any such authority may be at any time withdrawn by the Board of Trade by order made by it.

F. D. THOMSON, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Board of Trade Regulations.-Maximum Price of Bread.

JELLICOE, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this 14th day of March, 1921.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

In pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred upon him by section twenty-six of the Board of Trade Act, 1919, and of every other power and authority enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby, on the recommendation of the Board of Trade, revoke the Order in Council (fixing the maximum price of bread) dated the eighteenth day of March, nineteen hundred and eighteen, and gazetted on the nineteenth day of the same month, and in lieu thereof doth hereby make the following Board of Trade Regulations fixing and determining the maximum price of bread mentioned in

the Schedule hereto in accordance with the provisions of that Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

1. THE maximum price of bread in respect to the South Island shall be $6\frac{1}{2}d$. per 2 lb. loaf when sold over the counter for cash, with an additional $\frac{1}{2}d$. for cash on delivery and a further $\frac{1}{2}d$. for booking; and in respect to the North Island shall be 7d. per 2lb. loaf when sold over the counter for cash, with an additional $\frac{1}{2}d$. for cash on delivery and a further $\frac{1}{2}d$. for booking.

for booking. 2. Notwithstanding anything in this Order in Council, the Board of Trade may, by order made and published by it in such manner as it thinks fit, authorize the sale of bread in any specified locality at a price exceeding the prices fixed as aforesaid by such amount as the Board thinks fit; and nothing in this Order in Council shall apply to the sale of bread in that locality in accordance with the authority so granted by the Board of Trade. 3. Any such authority may be at any time withdrawn by the Board of Trade, by order and available d her it in grant and and any time withdrawn by the Board of Trade by order and any time withdrawn by

3. Any such authority may be at any time withdrawn by the Board of Trade by order made and published by it in such manner as it thinks fit.

F. D. THOMSON, Clerk of the Executive Council.

By Authority : MARCUS F. MARKS, Government Printer, Wellington.